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Alexandria Gazette

Fair today and probably tomorrow; slowly rising temperature; light variable winds. High tide 5:13 a.m. and 5:41 p.m. Sun rose 4:41. Sun set 7:35.

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ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1916.

FIGHT OPENED ON MARSHALL

Secretary of War Baker is Proposed For Vice President.

WANTS A STRONG MAN

McCombs and Norman E. Mack Deny Any Change is Contemplated by Party Managers.

St. Louis, June 13. —Ante-convention discussion centered largely yesterday on moves and suggestions to defeat plan for the renomination of Vice-President Marshall, and put a new man on the ticket with President Wilson. As the number of delegates to the Democratic National Convention grew hourly, greater booms for various favorite sons appeared on the surface to rise and fall with the tide of talk.

A move to defeat Vice-President Marshall for renomination took well-defined form and substance when Henry Morgenthau, who recently gave up his post as Ambassador to Turkey that he might engage in the work of re-electing President Wilson announced that a "stronger man" than Marshall should be named, and brought forward Secretary of War Newton Baker, to run with President Wilson.

News that Mr. Morgenthau was booming Secretary Baker, created something more than mild discussion, for it was pointed out that Mr. Morgenthau had been close to the Administration and that it might indicate that the naming of Mr. Baker would not be unacceptable. Mr. Morgenthau hastened, however, to make it clear that he was urging Mr. Baker's nomination on his own responsibility and initiative solely with the desire of naming the strongest possible candidate for the office.

National Chairman William F. McCombs, said last night that he had received a telegram from Jacob Schiff, the New York banker, asking that a stronger candidate than Mr. Marshall be named, and Mr. Morgenthau also stated that he had a letter from Mr. Schiff requesting that some one other than Mr. Marshall be put on the ticket.

Talk that Secretary Baker's name would be presented as a candidate for Vice-President caused a rush of delegates to National Committee men and other party leaders to know if there had been any change in the plans to rename Mr. Marshall. The information was quickly given that "noses had been counted long ago," and that while one or two names other than Marshall's might be heard on the convention floor, the vote for him would be virtually unanimous if there was not a nomination by acclamation.

"There will be no hitch in the plan to rename the present Democratic ticket," said Mr. McCombs last night. National Committee man Norman E. Mack, of New York, also declared that the talk of upsetting the plan to rename Mr. Marshall was silly and absurd.

Booms for new candidates for Vice-President still appear hourly, the last one to come to notice last night being one for Judge A. M. Jackson, of Winfield, Kan.

SPAIN AND GIBRALTAR

German Historian Declares Alfonso's Government Should Join Central Powers.

Berlin, via Amsterdam, June 13. —"The very name of Gibraltar sounds like the crack of a whip to Spaniards and brings the red blood of shame to their faces."

Quoting the Archbishop of Tarragona as having written these words in a letter to Dr. Gustav Diercks, leading German historical writer, in a book just published and entitled "What is to Happen to Gibraltar?" puts forth a lengthy and spirited argument with a view to proving that the hour has come for Spain to assert herself and join the central powers to wrest from England what has been wrongfully taken from her.

NEW VIRGINIA GAME LAW.

All Sheriffs, Deputies, Policemen and Other Peace Officers Designated Ex-Officio Wardens.

Vigorous prosecution of game law violations are expected coincident with the going into effect on June 18 of the new game act passed at the last session of the legislature.

By the terms of the new act all sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, marshals, constables, policemen, members of the commission of fisheries, oyster police captains and oyster police inspectors or other peace officers of the State shall be ex-officio game wardens. It is further provided by the act that special wardens shall receive not more than three dollars per day for their services and necessary expenses while traveling in the discharge of their duties. In regard to regular game wardens the act says that they "shall be employed for such a time and receive such salary as the game commissioner shall fix upon, not to exceed fifty dollars per month in counties and cities containing less than twenty thousand inhabitants and not exceeding sixty dollars per month in counties and cities containing more than twenty thousand inhabitants."

Regarding the cost of prosecution the act has the following to say:

"When an arrest or a prosecution for a violation of the game and fish laws by the commissioners, or by any game warden or other officer is had or instigated, and the defendant is convicted, there shall be taxed as costs in favor of the person making the arrest or instigating the prosecution, a fee of two dollars and fifty cents. No such fee shall be allowed in cases of acquittal. And in addition any special warden or other officer or other person shall receive one-half or fifty percentum of the actual cash fines collected from the defendant upon conviction to be paid by the officer making the collection at the time of payment in each prosecution instigated by said warden, officer or other person, and in addition thereupon such warden or other officer shall be paid for serving warrants, making arrests, and serving subpoenas and summons, said fees to be included in the costs taxed against the defendants and shall be paid out of the game fund in the event of failure to convict or if they cannot be collected from the defendant.

Broad authority is given to the game commissioners and his deputies by the new act. Under its terms the commissioners and deputies are empowered to arrest any person found in the act of violating any of the provisions of the forest, game and inland fish laws heretofore, now or hereafter enacted, and to seize, and to search any refrigerator, building, vehicle, car, coach, depot, office, restaurant, cafe, hotel or other place of whatever nature in which the person making such arrest, as aforesaid, has reasonable ground to believe that the person so arrested has concealed or placed any fish or game which may furnish evidence of the violation of game or inland fish laws of this State and such arrest, seizure or search may be made without a warrant, and any animal, bird or fish or part thereof, which has been killed, taken or captured or had in or proven to have been in possession of any person in violation of the game and fish laws of this State shall be deemed prima facie evidence that the person in whose possession the same is found is guilty of having taken, captured or killed such bird, fish or animal." The act further provides that all persons desiring to hunt must procure a license on or before July 1, for three dollars, which gives him permission to hunt in season for a year. Each hunter may, under the terms of the act, be required to exhibit his license, and failure to do so may be construed as evidence that he is hunting without a license.

NOTICE TO WATER USERS

The mains of the Alexandria Water Company will be flushed Thursday and Friday, June 15th and 16th, beginning at 7 A. M. Housekeepers are requested to supply themselves with clear water.

DEVILED & HARD SHELL CRABS AT JACOB BRILL'S FOOT KING ST.

SENATE FORCED "OUSTER LAW"

Refused to Adopt Measure Designed For Moral Act Only.

SWEEPING IN TERMS

Applies Principally to Sabbath Day, Owing to Liberal Interpretation Given It.

If there is any real danger of the ouster law's interfering with Sabbath-day conveniences which have come to be regarded by the people as necessary, the House of Delegates of Virginia may virtuously shift the burden of blame to the upper house, which alone was responsible for broadening the law to make it apply to every case in which local or State officials have been found guilty of failing to enforce the statutes.

The "ouster-bill" chapter of the proceedings of the last General Assembly is an interesting one. Late last January, when the Mapp prohibition bill was introduced in the Senate, announcement was made by the prohibition leaders that there would follow shortly an ouster bill designed to strengthen the enforcement of the prohibition, anti-vice, and anti-gambling laws.

At that time it was not contemplated to make the ouster law general in its application. "The right arm of prohibition" is what the "dry" leaders called the bill. Its very language limited it in application to officers charged with the nonenforcement of the so-called "moral" measures.

In this form it was reported by the Senate Committee on Moral and Social Welfare, on February 14. On February 27, when the bill came up on its passage, the Senate attached the amendment which made the law universal in application and which now threatens the State with a season of "blue law" enforcement reminiscent of the days of the Puritan fathers.

"It would make us the laughing stock of the Senate," said Senator Cannon, of Richmond, on the fateful February 26, "to solemnly sit here, and by implication, put the stamp of our approval upon the nonenforcement of other laws, provided officers did their duty in the enforcement of these special statutes. If we are to have such a law, by all means make it general in its application."

There was no evading the logic of this argument, and the Senate proceeded to amend the "right arm of prohibition" by making it also the right and left arm of the Code of Virginia. The Code, be it remembered, is quite bulky. Among other things, it forbids labor on Sunday except the limited activities rendered necessary by one's household duties and others that are exempted under the head of works of "necessity" or "charity."

The long-headed House Committee on Moral and Social Welfare apparently had a vision of the storm that would follow the enactment of the Senate measure and promptly excised the "broadening" amendment, leaving the bill as it was originally introduced, applying only to officers charged with the non-enforcement of the "moral" laws. The House itself passed the bill as it came from the committee and it went back to the Senate for concurrence in the committee amendment.

Had the Senate agreed to the House amendment, the Commonwealth would not be convulsed today in digesting the drastic pellet that Governor Stuart finally gave his approval. The upper house flatly refused to agree to the lopping-off of the "broadening" amendment and sent the amended ouster bill back with the request for a conference.

That was late in the session—a day or two before adjournment. There was no time to waste in further bickering. A conference committee sustained the Senate's contention and the House passed the bill as it stands today. In this manner was passed the famous "right arm of prohibition"

which has delivered a knockout blow for the time being at least, to the State's peace of mind.

While the law is expected to affect most directly officers who fail to enforce strictly the laws against the violation of the Sabbath, nowhere in the act is this class of law violation specified. The law is in the most general terms and applies with equal force to the officer who fails intentionally to arrest an offender who violates any State law on Tuesday and the officer who is similarly delinquent on the holy Sabbath.

Every Sabbath law—with the exception of one—that is on the statute books now, was there years before the ouster law was passed. The last General Assembly added a new law, declaring to be a work of necessity, the delivery of ice cream on Sunday, where such cream was manufactured on a week day. Otherwise there has been absolutely no change in the code governing the observance of the Sabbath.

LOCAL BREVITIES

The semi-monthly meeting of the City Council will be held tonight.

Many Alexandria retail stores and offices will close for several hours tomorrow morning and afternoon in order to permit their employees to go to Washington to witness the preparedness parade.

Flag day will be observed tomorrow night by Alexandria Lodge of Elks in its lodge room. Arrangements for the ceremony were made at a meeting held last night.

A large bazaar will be opened next Monday night in the school hall of St. Joseph's Catholic Church, corner of Columbus and Wythe street for the benefit of the church, and will continue for ten days. Many handsome presents have been donated.

The funeral of Joseph Murphy, who was found dead in a chair at his home Sunday morning, was held this morning from St. Mary's Catholic Church and burial was in St. Mary's Cemetery.

A thousand Alexandrians are spending the day today at Marshall Hall with the Columbia Fire Engine Company which gave its annual excursion to that resort today. They will be joined by many more on tonight's boat.

A number of members of Fitzgerald Council, No. 459 Knights of Columbus, who went to Richmond Sunday to witness the exemplification of the third degree of the order, returned home yesterday.

The general committee having in charge the city-wide evangelistic campaign to be held here in September will meet tonight at 8 o'clock in the M. E. Church South Sunday School.

The annual outing of St. Pauls P. E. Sunday School will be given to Marshall Hall, Thursday, June 22nd. Tickets may be obtained from members of the Sunday School. Adults 25c, children 15c.

Tues, Sat, Tue.

U-BOAT TO VISIT U. S.?

Steamship Officials Bets \$5000 German Submarine Merchant Liner Will Arrive By July 5.

New York, June 13.—A bet of \$5000 at even money was made yesterday that a German submarine liner would register her arrival with the customs authorities of this port before July 5. The wager was made between men of two well-known steamship companies.

The man who bet the super-submarine would arrive was not only confident she would make the voyage without trouble, but would enter this port without submerging.

A person in close touch with the German Embassy stated last week that the first U-boat liner would arrive here from Cuxhaven on June 22 and would sail for home on July 9.

Her cargo, it is said, will consist of mail, parcel post, express matter and drugs valued at more than \$1,000,000.

Mr. Frank Slaymaker, who has been confined to his home by sickness for the past two weeks, has returned to his office.

RUMORED FALL OF CZERNOWITZ

Petrograd Hears That Capital of Bukovina Has Fallen.

PUSHING TO LEMBERG

Czar's Troops Roll Austrians Back, Who Are Not Given Time to Discharge Loaded Guns.

Petrograd, June 13. Hurling westward with seemingly superhuman vigor, the Russian armies of General Brusiloff, are now hammering their way toward Lemberg, the Galician capital, in giant strides.

The demoralized Austrian defenders are rolling back before them.

It is now estimated that more than one-third of the men in Austrian armies on the east front have been killed, wounded or taken prisoners since the giant offensive started June 4.

Approximately 120,000 men and officers have been imprisoned to date. In actions such as the Russians are engaged the estimate of the conservative critics is two killed or injured for every prisoner. This would mean that a total of 360,000 Austrians have been put out of the fighting since June 4.

The Austrian army on the east front has been variously estimated at from 700,000 to 1,000,000 men.

The new Russian line now makes a deep U into the region toward Kovel. Every mile here is a double gain. It drives the Austrians back and at the same time makes the positions of the Germans on the line toward Riga less tenable.

In the south the armies of the Czar are knocking at the gates of Czernowitz and the rich country beyond. Unofficial reports are that Czernowitz has already been taken. This has not been confirmed.

London, June 13.—So rapid was the advance of the Russian armies in the region of Lutsk that the Austrians in several instances did not even have time to fire the guns they had loaded, according to a Petrograd dispatch today.

In these instances the Russians appropriated the guns where they stood, turned them right about and poured their deadly hail into the fleeing men.

Petrograd, June 13.—A rumor is in circulation here that the Russians have occupied Czernowitz, capital of the Austrian crownland of Bukovina. The rumor lacks official confirmation, but it has been given color by the capture of Dobronovitz, a commanding point, 10 miles to the northeast. The Russian line here extends to Okna. From both these points good roads lead direct to Czernowitz, and according to military authorities, they are the only points in this direction capable of defense.

A telegram from Bucharest, Rumania, says the Austrian Army has evacuated Czernowitz and moved to a line four miles to the west.

The continued successes of the Russians recorded in official communications are the more surprising, as the Austrians, after the first shock of the Russian advance, appeared to have rallied their forces and offered extremely stubborn resistance. This is indicated by the fact that they were able to mass sufficient forces in the vicinity of Kolki, north of Lutsk, to cause the Russians to retire across the Sty river.

Not only here, but at other points on the Volhynian front furious counter-attacks characterized the last 40 hours of fighting, but without being able to check, except momentarily, the force of the Russian advance.

It is not believed heretofore that the Germans are sending many troops to aid the Austrians. It is pointed out that only in one instance—during Russia's spectacular Carpathian campaign—did Germany send any large number of men to the relief of the Austrians. Instead, it has always been their practice to undertake an offensive on some other line in an endeavor to draw off the Russians. It is the opinion of observers here that it is not improbable the Germans are

more likely to attempt an offensive on the northern section of the Russian front than to risk weakening their lines by detaching any number of men for the purpose of stiffening the Austrian defense.

Russian troops approached the outskirts of Czernowitz, the War Office announced. The statement also says that Russian troops attacked the bridgehead at Zaleszyky.

The number of Austrians captured by the Russians in the new offensive movement has been increased to more than 114,000. In many sectors of the front, the statement says, the Russians are still pursuing the defeated Austrians.

Czernowitz, the objective of the Russian drive on this part of the front, was in possession of the Russians for some time early in the war, but they were compelled to evacuate the city during the progress of the Austro-German offensive.

Zaleszyky is on the River Dniester, 30 miles northwest of Czernowitz. It was in this region that some of the heaviest fighting of the Russian offensive last spring occurred.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

Tentative Draft of Planks at Conference of Party Leaders.

St. Louis, June 13.—With a tentative draft of the proposed Democratic platform planks dealing with the foreign and Mexican policies of the administration before them, the Democratic platform builders are having conferences with a view of determining whether or not these planks as drawn shall be strengthened any.

Those engaged in shaping the defense of the administration know only too well that it is against this part of their platform that the Republicans are preparing to train their heaviest guns. The draft of this part of the platform here is represented as being in part the President's own phraseology.

The proposed draft in its present shape declares it to have been the President's purpose in handling the world-wide problems with which he has had to deal to follow a policy:

"1.—Of honorable neutrality as between the belligerents, with all of whom this nation was at peace, and with all of whom this nation has many binding ties of friendship."

"2.—Of maintaining and insisting especially upon the observance by belligerents of the rights of the government of the United States and its people, incidentally of the right of all neutral nations, as founded upon treaty obligations, and the recognized principles of international law"

"3.—Of standing solidly ready at all times to offer a sincere and friendly service, in any acceptable way, to the nations at war to bring about peace among them and restore normal world conditions."

Concerning Mexico, it is declared that the President's desire has been to contribute, so far as was possible, to the establishment of a stable and truly representative government which might restore order.

It goes on: "In his brave effort to aid Mexico in solving this difficult problem, having always in view the promotion of American ideals of a true democracy, he has been compelled to face just and well-founded complaints of grievous wrongs made to this government by wellmeaning men representing religious and individual interests."

"That indefensible wrongs against all these interests have been committed is indisputable. But like wrongs have been committed, not only in Mexico, but in Europe, wrongs of war committed in foreign lands, beyond our jurisdiction. None has felt this more keenly or suffered more because of it, than the President."

"What the President has wished, and still wishes to do, is clear. He wishes peace, order and stability in Mexico, accomplished by Mexicans themselves if possible, leaving actual outside intervention as a last resort."

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as executor of the estate of Thomas Blair, deceased all persons owing said estate are requested to make prompt settlement with the undersigned and all persons to whom the estate is indebted are requested to submit their bills, properly attested, for payment.

10-10t, JOHN D. NORMOYLE, Executor.

VIRGINIA MUST WAIT IN DEBT CASE

Supreme Court Refuses to Make West Virginia Pay Now.

MUST BE GIVEN TIME

Legislature of Younger State Has Not Met in Regular Session Since Decision Was Awarded.

Washington, June 13.—Chief Justice White, of the Supreme Court of the United States, in an opinion handed down yesterday, declared that in the judgment of the Court the Legislature of West Virginia should be allowed to consider the \$13,000,000 judgment in the debt controversy with Virginia before steps are taken to compel the younger State to pay. The Court therefore dismissed Virginia's petition for a writ of execution.

The General Assembly of West Virginia will meet next January, and if it does not make provision for the payment of the \$13,000,000 judgment the Court stated that Virginia would then have the right to come in and ask for a writ of execution. The State of West Virginia is now paying \$600,000 interest annually on its share of Virginia's old debt, the Court holding that interest should be paid on the amount until the judgment is satisfied.

Virginia petitioned the Court last week for a writ, the effect of which would have been to place West Virginia's property on the auction block to be sold unless the judgment is satisfied. West Virginia opposed the writ on three grounds, two of which were that the Legislature had not had an opportunity to consider the judgment and that it doubted the authority of the Court to enforce a pecuniary judgment against one sovereign State in favor of another.

The Court held that the grounds of West Virginia's first plea were good, but made no comment as to the other. It held that West Virginia would be "given a reasonable opportunity, to pay."

RECTOR'S COMMANDMENTS

Admonitions to Young Men Contemplating Matrimony

Buffalo, N. Y., June 13.—Here are the ten commandments for the guidance of prospective bridegrooms given by the Rev. Robert J. MacAlpine, of the Central Presbyterian Church, in a sermon here:

1. Don't bank on mere beauty; it is unreliable as the weather.
2. Don't marry for talent, popularity, or wealth. Without love these would be as insipid as an egg without salt.
3. Don't let sentiment rule you. Like a flower, it is apt to fade before tomorrow.
4. Don't marry a woman whose stock of common sense is no greater than her dollars and cents. As no amount of the latter can buy the least amount of the former, you would likely soon be a hopeless insolvent.
5. Don't propose to a young woman whose tongue isn't silent during the sermon. She has sermons in store for you.
6. Don't marry a girl who thinks more of a good time than a good name. Your good time would very probably never arrive.
7. Don't choose a young woman who is more concerned about how she looks than how she acts. One is what she appears to be, the other is what she is.
8. Don't marry your opposite in religion. Your religion is likely to outlive your love.
9. Don't marry till your heart and hand are as clean as those you have won. Black and white mixed make both a dull gray.
10. Don't marry in haste. For the sake of at least two lives, keep in mind the modern key-words: "safety first" and "preparedness."

HARD SHELL CRABS NOW ON SALE AT RAMMEES CAFE